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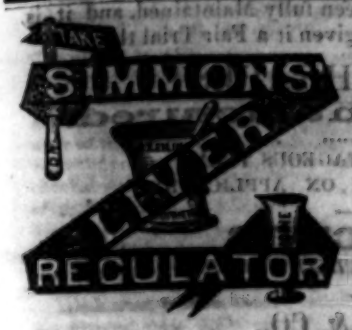
New Series---Vol. 3. No 23--- HILLSBOROUGH, N. C., APRIL 7, 1875. ---Old Series, Vol. 55



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Nov. 23th 1873 1y.

EASTER.

Easter is regarded by the Christian churches generally as the Queen of Festivals; but in the United States, we think that Christmas is more generally observed as a time of festivity. The name of this festival is derived as some think, from the Saxon *Oster*, 'to rise,' while others maintain that it is named after the Saxon goddess Eastor, who in pagan times was worshepped at this season. Owing to its heathenish name, the superstitious practices, and bacchanalian revelries that were indulged in by many during its continuance, this great festival has gradually gone into disrepute among Puritans and others who contend for strict religious discipline; but it still retains a strong hold upon the masses of the people in all Christian lands.

It would astonish the Christian people of modern times, if they knew how Easter was celebrated by their forefathers, not only by those who were called "men of the world," but by church members.

In England and Ireland some very curious customs prevailed at this season during the middle ages. The 'Sepulchre Show' was perhaps the most remarkable of all. There was an ancient tradition that the second coming of Christ would occur upon the eve of this festival, and hence arose the ceremony of making and watching the sepulchre, which continued in England until the reformation. At the period to which we refer the only theatres for the populace was the churches, while the monks were the chief actors, so that at Easter, plays were prepared either for popular amusement or for edification. These were entirely of a religious character and illustrated some event in the history of the founder of the Christian faith. One of the most imposing spectacles must have been in those churches where the Resurrection at the Sepulchre was performed, the *Dramatis personæ* being monks, clothed in habiliments suited to he character they assumed. The lights, at the sepulchre show formed no trivial part of the attraction. One massive taper, called the paschal, was lighted in each church. That at Westminster Abbey, in 1557, weighed three hundred pounds: that at Durham Cathedral was made of pure wax, squared in shape, and extended to within half a dozen feet of the roof. Every church in London had a 'sepulchre.'

England and other European countries the use of eggs at Easter was almost universal, a custom which still prevails to a large extent. In Cheshire and Staffordshire children would beg eggs for their Easter dinner. They used to sing a few stanzas of a song, ask for an egg, bacon, cheese, or an apple or any good thing that will make us merry, ending with, 'and I pray you, good dame, an Easter egg.' This practice extended to Russia. According to the Abbe d'Auteroche, in his 'Journey to Siberia,' a routine of extensive visiting is adopted. An egg is given and exchanged at each visit. 'People,' he observes, 'go to each others' houses in the morning, and introduce themselves by saying, 'Christ has risen.' The reply is, 'Yes; He has risen.' They then embrace, give each other eggs, and drink a great deal of brandy!'

This practice of distributing eggs at Easter may be traced to the philosophy of the Egyptian, Persians, and other heathen nations, who regarded an egg as an emblem of the universe. With thoughtful Christians, it was a highly significant symbol, as it retains within itself the elements of a future life, and is therefore an emblem of the resurrection of Christ.

HE DIDN'T CARE.

A newly married couple from somewhere down the Lansing road, says the Detroit Free Press, were riding in a Grand River car yesterday, and the groom insisted on holding the bride's hand in his big red paw.

"Oh! no, don't?" she said, as she jerked her hand away.

"Oh! lhy, let me hold yer hand, jest for ten minutes!' he replended.

"Shoo! Don't you see they are looking at us?' she whispered.

"They are, eh'!' he replied, looking up and down the car, "Wall, now, I'm going to put my arm around yo, and if any fellow in this car dares to spit crooked, I'll git up and mop the the floor with him until I wear him up to his shoulder bladps!

His arm encircled her, and the others passengers looked as solemn as if they were on their way home from a funeral.

To make a tall man short—try to borrow five dollars of him.

Uncle.—How did the mother of Moses hide him?' Niece.—'With a stick.

'There! that explains where my clothes-line went to!' exclaimed an Iowa woman as she found her husband hanging in the stable.

A New Orleans paper says the dollar stores in that city are places where you may buy a twenty five cent article you don't want, for four times its value.

THE CHAMPION GRASSHOPPER SUFFERER

We looked into the waiting-room at the central depot yesterday, saw an elderly couple there waiting to go West, and then, after making sure that the special policeman was not around, he entered the room. He was a man who had seen better days; that was plain. His plug hat was years old, his coat shone with age and grease, and there was no collar on his neck. A policeman would have mentally recorded him as a "vag" without a moment's hesitation, and the fellow would have stood a chance of being trotted off to the central station.

'My good friends,' he commenced as he approached the innocent old couple from Vermont, 'for Heaven's sake help me a little!'

'Who are you?' asked the husband, struck with the bummer's lonesome voice and general hard look.

'Name's Jones—grasshoppers—Kansas!' replied the man, turning away his head as if deeply affected.

'He you one of them poor unfortunates who were almost eat up by the grasshoppers?' exclaimed the woman, her sympathies all aroused.

'The same, madam,' sighted Jones. 'I had to leave the State—goin' to New Hampshire; got as far as here and money gave out. Heaven only knows what'll become of us!'

'Are you married?' she asked.

'Yes'm—wife'n nine children; they're out here on the commons, in a wagon, all sick and shivering with the cold!'

'I've hearn about them grasshoppers; were they very thick?' asked the man.

'Thick!' echoed Jones; 'you couldn't tell the difference 'twixt day an' night, an' the roarin' o' their wings made us deaf!'

'My grashus! but wasn't that awful!' sighted the woman.

'I had a hundred acres of corn, fifty of wheat, thirty of oats, nice meadow, lots of fruit—but the grasshoppers made a beggar of me in five hours!' continued Jones.

'They eat the stuff right up, did they?'

'Eat! Why, the farm looked as if a fire had passed over it! They took everything—even chewed up log chains. I timed 'em on 100 rods of fence, and every mouthful of it went in thirty-seven minutes by the watch.'

'I never hearn o' the likes!' exclaimed the old man.

'There's folks east here who don't believe it,' continued Jones; 'but it's a solemn fact that the grasshoppers chewed up iron wedges, gnawed the boards off'n the barns, bit plowpoints all up, and, if we hadn't hid our horses in the cellar, they'd ha' been munched, sure!'

'And you had to leave?'

'Yes; sold my land for eleven dollars, got my family into the wagon, and started east. Been 180 days coming this far, an' buried two children on the way. Lor' only knows that's to become of us! I wish I was in this river out there; then my heart wouldn't be bursting with grief and trouble!'

'Poor man!' sighted the old woman.

'Ebenezer, let's give him two dollars.'

'Two dollars is a pile of money,' mused the old man.

'But it's an awful sad case, Ebenezer—'nuff to tech a heart of flint.'

'The Lord loveth a cheerful giver, added Jones, as he drew his sleeve across his nose.

'Wall, I s'pose it's a hard case, an' we won't be any poorer for givin' two dollars,' said the husband, as he pulled out his wallet and handed out a $2 bill.

'Thanks, my kind friends,' replied Jones. 'I hope you'll never see the trouble I'm having. This'll buy medicine an' provisions, an' Kinder help us along like, ah' I feel as if I could throw my arms around ye an' hug ye for your kindness.'

'That's all right,' said the husband.

'I wish it was ten,' added the woman as she shook Jones' outstretched hand.

He slid out, and ten minutes afterwards might have been seen in a front street saloon, pouring bad gin out of a decanter, and remarking to the bar-keeper:

"Say, old pard, was it in Virginia or Kansas that the grasshoppers was so thick?"—*Detroit Free Press.*

'It isn't loud praying which counts with the Lord so much as giving four full quarts for every gallon,' says an Arkansas circuit rider.

An Indianapolis paper says of an Indiana Senator: 'His chargrined look when he clutches that pointed beard to milk his brain, and they won't 'give down,' has a most depressing look to all beholders.'

'Will the boy who threw that pepper on the stove please come up here and get a present of a nice book,' said a Sunday-school superintendent in Iowa; but the boy never moved. He was a far-seeing boy.

Phœbe Epps of Hamilton, Ohio, asked her mother to take a note for her to a friend of the family living in a near street.

BRASSER'S SON CLAUDIUS.

Mr Brasser, who lives on Ninth avenue, has a son about twelve years old, named Claudius, and the other evening this boy received permission to allow a neighbor's boy to stay all night with him. The old people sleep down stairs in the sitting room, and the boys were put into a room directly above. When they went up to bed Claudius had the clothes-lines under his coat, and the neighbor's boy had a sack in his pocket. They didn't kneel down and say their prayers like good boys and then jump into bed and tell bear stories but as soon as the do or was locked he Brasser boy remarked:

'You'll see more fun around here to-night than would die on a ten acre lot!'

From a closet they brought out a cast-off suit of Brasser's clothes, stuffed them with whatever came handy, tied the mask and an old straw hat on for a head, and while one boy was carefully raising the window, the other was tying the clothes-line around the 'man.' The image was lowered down in front of the sitting-room window, lifted up and down once or twice, and old Brasser was heard to leap out of bed with a great jar. He was just beginning to dose when he heard sounds under his window, and his wife suggested it was a cow in the yard. He got up, pulled the curtain away, and as he beheld a man standing there he shouted out:

'Great bottles! but i'ts a robber!' and he jumped into bed.

'Theodorius Brasser, are you a fool?' screamed his wife, as he monopolized all the bed-clothes, to cover up his head.

'Be quiet, you old jade, you!, he whispered; perhaps he'll go away!'

'Don't you call me a jade!' she replied, reaching over and trying to find his hair. 'Git up and git the gun and blow his head off!'

'Oh! you do it!'

'Git up you old coward,' she snapped. 'I'll never live with you another day if you don't do it!'

Brasser turned up the lamp, sat up in bed, and cried out:

'Is that you, boys?'

'Mercy on me! git up!' yelled the wife, as the straw man was knocked against the window.

'I'll blow his head off as clean as milk!' said Brasser, in a loud voice, as he got up. He struck the stove three or four times, upset a chair, and reached behind the foot of the bed and drew out an old army musket.

'Now, then, for blood!' he continued, as he advanced to the window and lifted the curtain.

The man was there face close to the glass, and he had such a malignant expression of countenance that Brasser jumped back with a cry of alarm.

'Kill him! Shoot him down, you old noodle-head!' screamed the wife.

'I will—by thunder! I will!' replied Brasser, and he blazed away, and tore out nearly all the lower sash.

The boys up-stairs uttered a yell and a groan, and Brasser jumped for the window to see if the man was down. He wasn't. He stood right there, and he made a leap at Brasser.

'He's coming in!—perlice!—boys! ho! perlice!' roared the old man.

The tattered curtain permitted Mrs. Brasser to catch sight of a man jumping up and down, and she yelled:

'Theodorious, I'm going to faint!'

'Fain't and be darned! Boys!—perlice!' he replied, wolloping the sheet-iron stove with the poker.

'Don't you talk that way to me!' shrieked the old woman recovering from the desire to faint.

'Po-leece! Po leece!' now came from the boys up-stairs, and while one continued to shout the other drew the man up, tore him limb from limb and secreted the pieces.

Several neighbors were aroused, an officer came up from the station, and a search of the premises was made. Not so much as a track in the snow was found, and the officer put on an injured look, and said to Mr. Brasser:

'A guilty conscience needs no accuser.'

'That's so!' chorused the indignant neighbors, as they departed.

As Mr. Brasser hung a quilt before the shattered window he remarked to his wife:

'Now see what an old conderango you made of yourself!'

'Don't fling any insults at me, or I'll choke the attenuated life out of you!' she replied.

And the boys kicked around on the bed, chucked each other in the ribs, and cried:

'I'd rather be a boy than be a President!'

OLD MEMORIES.

Oft times, while hovering o'er the spring,
From out whose depths old memories rise,
Like pebbles, some stray thoughts drop in,
Splashing the water in my eyes,
Until each heavy lash appears,
As it had late been wet with tears.

ANON.

A lady in Memphis says she doesn't want any jewelry, hasn't a looking-glass in the house, and wouldn't take a silk dress as a gift. Memphis has another living curiosity—a cross-eyed cat.

THE WHIPPING POST.

How, then, can petty offenders be punished? Certainly not by imposing on them pecuniary fines. They would laugh at such a penalty. They would as lief be fined a thousand dollars as ten cents; and the former sum could be collected from them as easily as the latter.

If these offenders could be compelled to render profitable labor for a period proportionate to the measure of their gilt, the effect might be salutary; but to find labor for them, and compel them to perform it, are frequently impossible, and, at best, cost more than their services are worth.

We perceive but one remedy for the evil—that is, the *whipping post*. It is the cheapest, simplest, most reasonable, and most efficacious punishment for the restraint of crimes. Worthless drunken vagabonds, petty thieves, daring burglars and swindling gamblers, have no fear of prisons, or fines, or the work-house; but they dread the lash. This mode of punishment boasts of high antiquity, and is sanctioned by the noblest authority. According to the law of Moses, the punishment of a transgressor was mercifully limited to forty stripes. Deut. xxv. 3. Solomon tells us that stripes are prepared for the back of fools; and he knew well the value of the preparation. Prov. xix. 29. Even Christ, who was incarnate Love, said, with approbation, that the servant who knew his lord's will, and did it not, should be beaten with many stripes, Luke xii. 41.—*Religious Herald.*

BOUND TO SING.

Brother Glover was a pretty big man in a certain old Connecticut village. He would swear a little sometimes, but when he subscribed five hundred dollars toward rebuilding and refitting the old church, that special act of charity covered a multitude of sins.

Brother Glover had a big voice. There was no time, tone or tune in it, but he bellowed as he pleased in church singing. When the new church was finished it had to be dedicated, and a choir was carefully trained to do the singing. Brother Glover was not one of the choir, and the intention was to rule him out of the vocal exercises.

The choir had carefully rehearsed a new dedicatory hymn, and everything was ready for the interesting ceremonies. The church was crowded, and Brother Glover was in his place in a front pew, as large as life. The new piece was struck up, and Brother Glover's voice rose loud above the organ. There was a pause. The organ and choir were mute and the latter mad. The minister looking at a fly on the ceiling explained that it was a new piece which the choir alone had practiced, and requested the congregation not to join in the singing.

The piece was recommenced, and again Brother Glover's big voice broke it up. The preacher then fixed his eyes on Brother Glover and requested him to keep silent during the performance of the piece, which he did not understand, and Brother Glover, looking at his beloved pastor with his big round eyes, replied in a big voice:

'Look-a-here, Mr. Barnhart, I paid five hundred dollars towards repairing this darned old gospel box and by thunder I will sing.'

The preacher gave up, and so did the choir.

A DOSE.—A man living far from any physician was taken suddenly ill. His family, in great alarm, not knowing what else to do, sent for a neighbor who had a reputation for doctoring cows.

'Can't you give father something to help him?' asked one of his sons.

'Wa'al, I don't know nothin' about doctorin' people.'

'You know more than we do, for you can doctor cows. Now what do you give them when they're sick?'

'Wa'al, I allers give cows salts—Epsom salts. You might try that on him.'

'How much shall we give him?' inquired the son.

'Wa'al, I give cows just a pound. I suppose a man is a quarter as big as a cow—give him a quarter of a pound!'

We have ever held that the Radical party of North Carolina favored 'Civil Rights,' and now we have proof of this. We learn from the Winston Sentinel that a number of Radical officials and bangers on in Yadkin county, who felt indignant because W. B. Glenn, Esq., could't stand the Radical party after it endorsed the Civil Rights bill by making it a law, called up 'indignation meeting'' for Tuesday of court week. The amount of indignation was immense. Five men voted for the 'cut and dried,' resolutions condemning his course. The negative, as we are informed was not put to the house and of course the denunciation was unanimous.

They got up a surprise party Thursday night last on a young married couple, at whose house in Swampoodle a similar affair was one of the social successes of the last season. The conspirators were met calmly but cordially at the gate by the husband, who rested on his shot gun, while his beautiful and accomplished wife, whose face and form were visible inside the porch, said she was very glad to see them, but she didn't think she could hold the bull-dog more than a minute longer!

A THOUSAND SKELETONS.

A Chattanooga correspondent tells a singular story of several acres of skeletons laid bare by the recent floods in the Tennessee river.

The high water of the recent flood washed about four feet of earth from ten or fifteen acres of land lying along the Tennessee river on the farm of Mr. James Prater, near Louisville, in Blount county. About two feet of soil was removed from the same ground by the high side of 1861.

When the waters subsided after the last flood, a strange spectacle was presented. The whole of the denuded area was covered with skeletons. Some were straight, some reclining, some doubled up, and some in a sitting posture. There were the osseous forms of infants, of children, and of full grown persons. Mr. Prater has counted over a thousand forms.

Persons who have lived in the vicinity of this mysterious cemetery for sixty-five years never heard of any human bones being discovered there before.

The skeletons, we understand, are not found in a mound nor in what appears to be an artificial formation of the earth.

We understand one or more mounds were partially washed away in Meigs county, disclosing skeletons, some hatchets and pipes, and implements common among the Indians.

The skeletons in Blount county probably occupy a burying ground, which, perhaps centuries ago, was covered up by the same agency which has now exposed its occupants to view.

TRUE STORY OF GEORGE WASHINGTON.

About 130 years ago he was a little boy and used to go round hunting for wasps' nests. It was the experience he gained when the wasps used to go hunting around for him, that enabled George to endure without flinching the hardships of his future life. He was born of rich parents, and the fact has commonly been supposed to account for his possession of a hatchet, but the truth is that his father kept a hardware store. It was the detection of George, in the act of chopping water-melon vines with this hatchet, that laid the foundation of all his subsequent greatness. Convinced that it would be useless to attempt to prove an alibi, George said:

"Father you know you stole those vines they never grew there of their own accord.

Blushing deeply, his parent replied: "George, if you won't say a word about it to your mother, I'll forgive you.'

George held up his right hand, and, catching upon his pale high brow the last rays of the setting sun, exclaimed, 'father I cannot tell a lie, but for your sake I will not tell the truth. Hereafter mum's the word.'

Thereupon they both knelt down upon the long wet grass, and solemnly dedicated to their country their 'lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honor.' Then George arose, cut off the claws of the British lion with one stroke of his sword, and expired, at an advanced age, of a fatal attack of diphtheria.

A Deputy Marshal while searching for illicit distilleries in Yancey county, came across one superintended by a woman, who stoutly resisted the officer in levying on the contraband property. She denounced the Revenue laws as oppressive the tax as a fraud. The officer attempted to reason matter with her by stating that the distilleries consumed what little grain was raised in the country, and thereby snatched the bread from the mouths of starving women and children. "Sir,' exclaimed the she-boss of the boiling cauldron 'bread may be the staff of life, but whiskey is life itself.' This was a stunner, but her life-preserver was destroyed.'

A note when opened was found to read: 'This is a little rose of mine to get mother out of the house. Before she can get back I will be on the cars with dear Lorenzo, and before night will be married.'

Above all things, learn your child to be honest and industrious: if these two things don't enable him to make a figure in the world, he is only a cypher, and never was intended for a figure.—Josh Billings.

A gentleman drove a sorrowful-looking horse into town, recently, and, stopping in front of Bank block, he requested a small boy to hold him a moment. 'Hold 'im?' exclaimed the boy; 'just lean him up against the post—that'll hold 'im.'

'Go away! Leave me with my dead! Let me fling myself on his coffin and die there!' That was in Nebraska six months ago, and now the widow has won another trusting soul, and No. 1's portrait is in the attic, face to the wall.

A young man, seeking for his father's pig, accosted an Irishman as follows: 'Have you seen a stray pig about here?' To which Pat responded, 'Faith, and how could I tell a stry pig from any other?'

A silly fellow whose ears were unusually large, once simperingly asked a witty lady, 'Will I not make a fine angel?' 'Well, no,' she replied, pointing to his ears, 'I think your your wings are too high.'

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Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....APRIL 7, 1875.

THE CONVENTION.

There is no doubt that the campaign in connection with the election for delegates to the Convention will be one of the most important and interesting ever had in the State. It will be a race between the two parties for the control of that body, for it is now clear that the Republican party go into the field on purely partizan grounds, and with the sole view of taking party advantage of it. It is enough for it to know that the call of the Convention is mainly the work of the Democratic party to arouse all those narrow prejudices and bitter animosities so characteristic of the party. It ought to be enough for the Democratic party that to it is assigned the post of honor and that to it is entrusted all those hopes of relief and reform which attach to the great measure.

We do not here propose to discuss any question in connection with the measure, our only purpose being to call attention to the necessity for preparation for the contest, and the use of a wise forecast in movement and in the selection of suitable candidates. This is of the first importance. It ensures not only the success of the candidates themselves, but of the efficiency of action in the Convention. We want wisdom, learning, prudence, patience, a spirit of concession, and a spirit of harmony. It is to the credit of North Carolina, that all her Constitutional Conventions, with the black exception of the one of 1868, was composed of the very best of her citizens, of men eminent in talent, distinguished in learning ripe in experience and pure in character. North Carolina has not degenerated to such a degree that she cannot reproduce men equally capable of shedding lustre upon her name, and adding prosperity to her fortunes.

To the people of Orange we make no suggestion of names in this issue. *One*, however, will occur spontaneously to every mind. The name of W. A. GRAHAM, illustrated with every virtue, distinguished with every honor, enbobled by so much of previous service to his State and to his country, needs but this crowning act of devotion to fill the measure of his public duties. A people accustomed to trust in him, and rely upon the wisdom of his counsels, demands this last sacrifice of his time and of his talents. We believe he will respond to this call, if his health permits. And we think we may, without fear of opposition, make this our nomination.

THE GAUGE QUESTION.

Our people have not, and will not, become reconciled to the violent invasion of their State sovereignty, the disruption of their State territory or the overthrow of their State policy. The spirit which aroused the Legislature to action when the decision of the Court became known only intensifies with each day's duration, because with each day's existence becomes more apparent the wrong and the injury.

The original wrong was in the lease of the road, secret and sudden, against the known wishes and policy of the State, and without the assent of the stockholders; an act against which there has been a living protest ever since, and which will not end with the decision of the Supreme Court. The Danville Rail Road Company is perhaps not to be blamed in fighting to secure the benefits to arise from the lease. That was the object of its bargain. Yet, entering into the secret agreement, as it did, it must be prepared to meet some of the consequences that follow deeds of darkness. It cannot expect to find the people of this State, accustomed to open and fair dealing, patient under a wrong, the outgrowth of secret combination.

The end is not yet. We protest against all deeds of violence. They would only sully the name of the State while they would postpone for a long time the hope of legal remedies. But the Act of the Legislature will not prove to be a dead letter. Instructions issued by Gov. Brogden to the State's solicitors to put in force the penalties of the law against any President, Superintendent, Engineer, Agent or Employee who was engaged in effecting the change of gauge contrary to the provisions of the Act have been given, and will soon be tested.

PRESS CONVENTION.

Third annual Convention, says the Wilmington Journal, of the North Carolina Press Association will assemble in this city during the second week in May. We suppose two-thirds of the whole editorial fraternity of the State will visit Wilmington on that occasion. Representing, as they do, the entire North Carolina reading population, and being themselves a body of intelligent and influential gentlemen, we know they will receive a warm welcome to our city.

MECKLENBURG CENTENNIAL.

The first real germ of American liberty sprung from the soil of Orange County. Whatever may have been the excesses charged upon the Regulators they had just and reasonable cause in resistance to oppression which had become intolerable, and they proceeded upon principles universally acknowledged as leading ones in all Anglo Saxon assertion of popular rights—that they would pay no taxes but what were lawful and what were imposed by their representation in the Assembly.

They were not conspirators. They were open in their opposition. They were bold in their defiance. They sought no concealments for their deeds, but upon the open battle field sealed their faith with their blood.

These were the men of Orange, who in 1766 began their resistance to British tyranny, by a meeting at Maddock's Mill on Eno, and only succumbed under the final catastrophe on Alamance Creek in May 1771. This was years before the Mecklenburg movement was whispered, but it was the working of the same leaven that on the 20th of May culminated in the bold and decisive action of the people of Mecklenburg in declaring their independence of the British Crown.

The correspondence of sentiment between the two communities, so marked and so powerful in those early days should be kept up now, when Mecklenburg determines to pay such a glorious tribute to the memory of its ancestry. Orange (and Alamance, the daughter of Orange) should feel that she has a right to participate in those honors; more than that, for in honoring the heroes of Mecklenburg, she is honoring her own progenitors, because both were imbued with the same principles, both carried them out with heroic purpose, and the descendants of both have enjoyed the fruits of the valor of their fathers.

Let Orange and Alamance appropriately unite in the celebration of the Mecklenburg Centennial.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

The election which took place in this State on Monday for Governor and members of Congress is yet unknown to us in its results. It was fought for a very important stake—nothing less than the determination of the question whether Grant is or is not to be the candidate for the third term. The narrow escape the South has lately had from absolute despotism by the failure to pass the Force bill, gives this question great interest to us. We are looking as it were, upon the issues of life and death, of freedom and slavery, and cannot await without anxiety the knowledge of this result which has determined which side of the balance has preponderated.

The Democratic candidate for Governor is Charles G. Ingersoll, the present incumbent, who was elected last term by a clear majority of about 3500. His opponent is James L. Greene a man who distinguished himself and secured his nomination by firing one hundred guns in honor of the support Grant gave to Sheridan in Louisiana The Congressional delegation stood last year three Republicans and one Democrat.

THAT DECISION!

It is due to the people of the State, that the majority of the Supreme Court should distinctly make *known* their opinions upon the late all absorbing R. R. question. Judge Bynum had unfortunately a good excuse for his absence. Judge Pearson too was *sick*, and Judge Rodman was modest; but that is no reason why their opinions should not be publicly avowed. The public have a right to know, whether or not the decision Minister Buford's two judges, is in accordance with *their* judgment.

NO NEW THING.

The Danville Times says: In a moment of generous and unwonted enthusiasm, a man subscribed to the Danville Times. We were all smiling together then in a great gust of public feeling. A few months later and we ran counter to his views on quite a different subject, and a change came over the spirit of his dream. 'Stop my paper,' he said.

It was stopped, but his place was so soon filled that it made no more impression upon the stability of the Times than is made upon the sturdy oak by cutting one of the thousand little roots that feed and support it.

Nor did it ruffle, in the least, the feelings of the editor. If somebody did not fall out, occasionally, with our paper, we should conclude it was getting dull and uninteresting.

The Secretary of War, has at last telegraphed to the commanding officer of the Department of Texas to distribute troops along the Rio Grande to prevent outrage by Mexicans.

A telegram was received at the War Department, from Key West, Fla., announcing that two cases of yellow fever existed in that place.

ANOTHER COUNT IN THE INDICTMENT.

The Raleigh News says: When the record is fully made up and issue joined between the people and the Administration, there will be such an accumulation of charges against the latter that it ought to be swept away like chaff before the whirlwind. The last charge, but far from the least, is the publication of the fact that Mexican banditti have for months past, and are at this moment, depredating upon American territory, invading the soil of Texas, killing its citizens and destroying their property.

This has been going on for many months, and was no secret at the time when Sheridan was classifying the peaceful citizens of Louisiana as 'banditti,' and when he was imploring the President of the United States to be allowed to turn the guns of the American army against his own countrymen. The forces of the government were arrayed in the purposes of party against the subjects of its own protection, while the savages of Mexico were permitted to pursue their work of ravage and slaughter unchecked by the presence of a single company of American troops.

It may be that by this sufferance, the President means to invite war, by driving the Texans to such a pitch of desperation as to provoke retaliation, and make hostilities between Mexico and the United States inevitable. It does not lessen the wickedness of the act, if this is so. War is not desired by the people. If sought by the administration, it is only to build up the failing fortunes of the party, at the sacrifice of thousands of lives and millions of dollars. Does a party deserve to live which resorts to such atrocious shifts to attract enthusiasm to it, or to divert attention from, or shift inquiry into, its shortcomings?

The Salisbury Watchman says: Elliott, of Statesville, who killed Neal, last Summer, has been pardoned out of the Penitentiary, after a confinement of about four months only. What is the use of having laws to punish crime? Murder trials of late are simple mockeries, burlesques on justice. The cowardly assassin and murderer is protected rather than punished. The failure to punish murderers with death is a crime against humanity and Heaven for which the whole country is suffering fearful retribution, though the enlivening sentimentalists and misguided humanitarians are only responsible for this great injustice. Let murderers and criminals of every description be punished. It is a duty imposed on human government by divine law.

THE SENATE UNDER THE NEXT PRESIDENT.

We take the following from the New York Sun; We have tested the temper of the new Senate. It is mildly Republican. Grant has a majority of eight or nine in it. This raises the interesting question as to how the Senate will be likely to stand two years hence when the next Administration comes into power.

Twenty-six members of the present Senate vacate their seats in March, 1877, of whom sixteen are Republicans and ten are Democrats. These represent States that went heavily Democratic at the last elections, and Democrats are almost absolutely certain to take the places of the present ten incumbents. This will preserve the Democratic column unbroken in the next Senate.

How will it be apt to fare with the sixteen retiring Republicans? Among them are Morrill of Maine, Boutwell of Massachusetts, and Anthony of Rhode Island. There is one more in New England—Cragin of New Hampshire. There may be doubt about Cragin's successor; but we will concede these four places to the Republicans. There are seven others out of the sixteen, which, according to recent elections, the Republicans may hope to hold, namely, those of Ferry of Michigan, Howe of Wisconsin, Wright of Iowa, Windom of Minnesota, Hitchcock of Nebraska, Harvey of Kansas, and Robertson of South Carolina.

The eleven above mentioned are all of the sixteen for which, in our judgment, the Republicans can make any show. Five Republican seats, remain, those now filled by Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, Logan of Illinois, Alcorn of Mississippi, Clayton of Arkansas, and West of Louisiana. Unless the Democrats make utter shipwreck of themselves in the next Congress and in the States where they now wield power, they cannot fail to wrest these five seats from the Republicans at the next elections. If they do, this will give the Opposition a majority of two or three in the first Senate under the next President. But this result will largely depend upon the wisdom and prudence of the Democratic party during the coming eighteen months, and especially upon the character of the two Presidential candidates of 1876.

The Supreme Court of the United States has decided that the Constitution does not confer the right of suffrage on any one; so woman is not eligible to suffrage.

GOVERNOR BROGDEN.

The Raleigh News says, we are aware the Chief Executive officer of a State has a peculiar ordeal to undego. With the best intentions, the purest motives, he will be often arraigned, and sometimes wrongfull abused. We have never, however, doubted Governor Brogden's desire to do his whole duty to the State, in the matter of the change of gauge. We know his extreme caution and feared most from his tardiness. We believed that his patriotism and State pride would induce him, in the end, to act for the honor and welfare of all our people and not for a section. We rejoice now to see him moving, if late, better late than never, in right direction to make himself, as Governor of North Carolina, felt and respected by unwelcome uninvited monopolies of our State Railroads. Now, we have nothing to take back and may have, and expect to have, much more to say on the subject, ere the end is seen, yet, we with satisfaction and pleasure, hasten to call attention to the communication below from His Excellency the Governor of North Carolina, which speaks for itself, and in tones which cannot be misunderstood, by those violating her laws. Let the Solicitors do their duty, as we believe they will, and our people will begin to command men's respect abroad as well as at home. But read the letter:

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Executive Department,
Raleigh, March 30th, 1875.

Sirs: I transmit herewith a certified copy of a law passed by the General Assembly at its late session, entitled 'an Act in relation to changing gauge of Railroad,' ratified the 16th of March, 1875, and you are repectfully and earnestly requested to exercise due diligence in prosecuting and bringing to trial any President, Director Secretary and Treasurer, or any other officer, servant or employee, who has either directly or indirectly advised, aided, encouraged or assisted in any manner whatever in changing the gauge of any part of the North Carolina Railroad, or what is commonly called the North Carolina Division of the Richmond & Danville Railroad.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
C. H. BROGDEN,
Governor.

To F. N. Strudwick, Esq; Solicitor of the 7th Judicial District; Jos. Dobson Esq; Solicitor of the 8th Judicial District; W. J. Montgomery, Esq; Solicitor of the 9th Judicial District.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The following as representing the line of argument upon which the republican propose to make their contest, is given place on the wires:

NEW HAVEN CONN; April 2.—Hon. Jas. G. Blaine addressed a Republican meeting here this evening. He discussed the Southern question at great length, maintaining that so long as opposition to reconstruction, on the basis of free suffrage and the Constitutional amendments, formed the principal Democratic issue in the South the Republicans would be compelled to make the support of these measures the principal issue in the North.

He commented with some severity upon the course pursued by the Democrats in Congress on the Louisiana question, and said they had arrayed themselves solidly against any adjustment whatever, every member of the party except Stephens, of Georgia, voting against permitting the question of adjustment and compromise to be even introduced and considered by the House. He said the evident aim of the Democrats was to restore their old mode of ruling the country, viz; unite the South and detach enough of the North to constitute a majority. With a consolidated South they only needed 47 electoral votes in the North, and New York, Connecticut and California were just enough with Indiana, New Jersey, and Oregon to fight for. Let each of of the States thus menaced take heed that it did not in peace enter into a coalition to destroy the fruits it had struggled for during the war. He did not have faith in additional coercive legislation by Congress, nor would he interfere in the government of any State, except as a last resort for the public safety. But he appealed to the voters of Connecticut, and to loyal voters everywhere, to keep the political power of the Union in the hands of the unwavering and undoubted friends of the Union—those who had fought for it and saved it, when the ends of the war had been fully attained; when free suffrage was everywhere conceded and when free speech was no where denied. When Wendell Phillips and Gen. Logan can speak as freely in Georgia, as Lamar and Gordon can speak in New Hampshire, the necessity for futher appeal to the loyalty of the North will have ended. Until then, while he would cultivate and encourage the kindliest feeling between the North and South, he would urge the North to hold the political power as the guaranty of safety and prosperity to both sections.

Water Gap, Pa; March 27.—The ice gorge which is seven miles above still remains the same. The strong resistance by the ice in the Gap has been lessened by cutting a channel through the middle. The rain last night has made no visible impression. The weather is warm and snow melting rapidly. Should the weather remain thus for two or three days the break is inevitable. This gorge consists of miles of ice thrown into a space of 18 miles. It is now 30 feet thick.

Phillipsburg, N. J; March 27.—The Lehigh Railroad Company have offered to rebuild the old covered toll bridge if the stockholders burn it. Its destruction is certain, and will carry with it the iron railroad bridge.

CASH PRICES $50 00 PER TON OF 2,000 pounds.

TIME PRICE $58 00 PER 2,000 lbs. Payable Nov. 1.

THE High Standard of Quality has been fully Maintained, and it is Considered by those who have given it a Fair Trial the

BEST AND CHEAPEST
Fertilizer Manufactured.

LIBERAL AND ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS FOR LARGE LOTS, GIVEN ON APPLICATION.

LOCAL AGENTS
AT ALL THE PRINCIPAL DEPOTS.

DeROSSET & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS
For North Carolina and Virginia, at WILMINGTON, N. C.
Jan. 27 4m. T. P. BRADSHAW. Agent. Oaks.

WE OFFER
OUR STANDARD FERTILIZERS
For the Season of 1875, delivered on the Cars, at our Factory, at the following
REDUCED PRICES:
SOLUBLE NEVASSA GUANO
At $53.00 per Ton. Cash, or $60 00, payable 1st of November, next:
NAVASSA ACID PHOSPHATE,
At $33.00 per Ton, Cash, or $38.00, payable 1st of November next.
WE GUARANTEE that the previous High Grade of our Fertilizers shall be fully MAINTAINED.
R. BRIDGERS, President.
D. McRAE, Treasurer.
C. L. GRAFFLIN, Superintendent.
H. P. JONES, & CO., Agents, Hillsboro.
Navassa Guano Company,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
feb. 3 3m.

Orange House.
THE Public are informed that this well known HOUSE is no longer open as a HOTEL.
But a cordial invitation is extended to share its hospitalities as a
Private Boarding House
where every effort will be made to make the guest AT HOME by the tender of the best fare that the Market affords, and by every care and attention that it is possible to bestow.
Summer visitors in anticipation of hot weather, will do take the Orange House in consideration in connection with their plans.
L. L. HASELL.
April 6th 75. tf.

NOTICE
TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.
THE undersigned having been appointed Commissioners to contract for the building of a Bridge over Eno River at Hillsboro; They do hereby give notice that they will receive plans and proposals for the same until Saturday the 3rd day of April next; which may be examined at the office of Norwood and Welsh, and afterwards, on Saturday the 17th of April next, at the Court House Door in Hillsboro, they will let out the building of the Bridge to the lowest bidder.
D. C. PARKS,
BERRY ANDREWS,
J. W. NORWOOD,
March 18 '75. *Commissioners.*

Dr. D. A. Robertson.
Surgeon Dentist.
Office up stairs in Berry's brick building, as heretofore.
WILL continue to visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Mon day of every month.
And spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.
Owing to the great scarcity of money, prices have been reduced to the same they were before the war.
Orders left with Charles M. Parks' will be promptly attended to. March 4 1y.

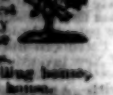
SELECT
Boarding and Day School,
HILLSBORO, N. C.
THE Thirty-Second session of the Misses NASH and Miss KOLLOCK'S, School will open Friday 5th Feb. 1875, and continue twenty weeks. ☞ Circulars forwarded on application. dec. 23 2m.

GRAVES'
WAREHOUSE,
DANVILLE, VA.,
FOR THE SALE OF
LEAF-TOBACCO.
TWO and a half per cent. covers all charges for selling Tobacco at my house, and I guarantee as high prices, as good handling of Tobacco, and as prompt attention to business as any house in this market. Respectfully,
Wm. P. Graves,
Jan. 27 3m.

Marshall C. Cameron,
Dentist.
Late with DR. D. A. ROBERTSON.
OFFERS his services to the citizens of Hillsboro and vicinity. Charges moderate, and satisfactory reference given if desired. Persons will be waited upon at their Houses, until I can arrange a suitable Office. All orders left at Dr. Hookers, Drug Store, will be promptly attended to.
Dec. 9th 1874, 3m.

This is to certify that Marshall Cameron, of Hillsboro, N. C. has been a student in my office for three years, commencing Nov. 16th 1871 and ending Nov. 16th 1874. I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Marshall Cameron to any who may need his services as a dentist, feeling sure that he will do justice to his patients, and honor to his profession.
Nov. 16 '74. D. A. ROBERTSON.

Pepper's Saloon
AND
RESTAURANTS.
White Front, Wilmington St.,
Second Door South of Hargett St., Near his old Stand now known as the Carolina House. *RALEIGH N. C.*
W. R. PEPPER, the most distinguished Caterer in the South, will open his new Saloon and Restaurant, as above, to-day, Thursday October 1st. The best of everything in the business will be found at Pepper's, served up in Pepper's best style.
Norfolk Oysters. Meal at all hours.
W. R. PEPPER.
Nov. 18 3m.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable Tract of LAND lying between the Chapel Hill and Pittsboro Roads, two miles Southwest of Hillsboro, known as the Henry Witherspoon place. Containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.
On the premises are a good dwelling house, containing four rooms and a kitchen.
There is a small orchard of excellent fruit, and the fruit on the place is never, or rarely ever killed by frost.
There are two springs near the house of excellent water, one of which never fails.
There are about seven acres of Meadow land which can be irrigated on both sides for its whole length.
There is a sufficiency of fine wood and timber for the necessary repairs to fences and buildings.
TERMS OF SALE:
One thousand dollars. One half cash, balance in one and two years. The reserved until the last payment is made.
Purchasers are invited to visit the premises, and to apply to Hamilton and Graham, Esq'rs. for further information.
WILLIAM STRUDWICK,
Jan. 20 '75. tf.

DANVILLE
SPRING GOODS.
I respectfully invite attention to the following enumeration of NEW GOODS which have just been added to My Stock.
Ladies' Fine Kid Fox Button Boots, made on lasts of three widths price $5.00.
Ladies Fine French Kid Button Boots $4.00.
Misses Fine Kid Fox Button Boots $3.50.
The above are the finest goods of the kind that have ever been offered for sale in Danville, and I have been induced to purchase them to supply all those who want to buy the best. I have other goods of lower grade, as I endeavor to suit the wants of all my customers, and my stock for variety both in quality and price is remarkable. All I ask is an examination of my stock and comparison of prices.
JOS. B. TYACK.
Shoe Store.—Danville.
March 3.

The Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY...APRIL 7, 1875.

LOCAL REPRESENTERY

Terms of the Recorder for 1874.
For 1 year, $2 00.
" 6 months, 1 00.
Payments always in advance.
Job printing done neatly cheap'y and promptly.

See fourth page both for Ads and interesting reading matter.

Convention Meeting.

We call attention to the notice elsewhere addressed to the citizens of the county to nominate candidates for the Convention. The subject is of too much importance to be crowded away into the recess of a session of the court. It should be distinct and deliberate consideration. The character of the convention depends upon the action of primary meetings—the success of the ticket depends upon the character of the men selected. We want calm, prudent, wise men as our candidates, and Orange has a number of such. Let her be wise in her selection.

Person Court

Opens next week. We hope to be there on Monday, and we call upon our Person friends to be up ready to give the Recorder a good reception.

Heavy rains and high waters again on Friday, and the work of the farmers is much thrown back, wheat and oats still looking well. So far the prospect for fruit was never better.

Alarm of Fire.

On Saturday about 2 o'clock smoke was discovered issuing from the upper portion of the store occupied by Mr. T. D. Tinnin, and an alarm was immediately sounded. Upon going into the loft, a pile of rags in the immediate vicinity of the stove pipe were found to be ignited. They were speedily extinguished. The character of the building is such, from its age, that it has long been regarded as dangerous, and immediate steps were taken by the town commissioners to have them condemned. They command absolutely the fate of all contiguous buildings, and should give way to safer and more tightly structures.

Good Candies.

We direct such of our friends as visit Raleigh to the new candy Manufactory of R. H. Bradley on Fayetteville street, near Yarborough's. Mr. Bradley has recently begun the manufacture on his own account, and we say without fear of contradiction that no better candies are made in the United States, whether for purity, for beauty or variety. They are made fresh every day and it is worth a visit to Raleigh to see and taste among the varied temptations to the palate which Bradley presents.

The County Commissioners

Are in session this week. The disastrous freshets of the winter have given them much to do in the repairs of damages. Let them be sustained by the people in their efforts to restore the bridges to their former condition. These are indispensable to the prosperity of the county, and it would be very false economy to deny the sums necessary to keep them up.

Private Boarding.

We call attention to the advertisement of L. L. Hassell. Mr. Hassell has yielded to the pressure of the "Civil Rights" bill, and has pulled down his hotel flag. His friends however may be assured of their old warm welcome, and the same excellent fare that has made so good a name for the "Orange House." Mr. Hassell extends his invitation to summer visitors, and we hope to see his house well filled, as it ought to be, on the advent of warm weather.

The interior repairs of St. Matthews are nearly completed and have resulted in the very great improvement of the church in all respects. The alterations of the exterior are going on, and besides an extension of the eaves will consist of an enlargement of the tower, so as to sustain a belfry, and spire, adding much to the beauty of the building.

Sudden Death.

Mrs. Warren, a lady from Boston who with an invalid sister has been spending a portion of the winter at the Orange House, died somewhat suddenly on Friday night, the immediate cause of death being congestion of the lungs and brain. We have no particulars to give.

Lecture.

Mr. Fab. H. Busbee delivered a lecture on Saturday evening in the Hall of the Masonic Lodge, before the young ladies of the Misses Nash and Miss Kollock's school and a large audience of citizens. The subject was the "Immortality of Force," and it is evidence of the taste and genius of the speaker that he was enabled to invest a rather dry and abstruse subject with charms that made it a delightful treat to his hearers.

We were unable to be present, but accept the concurrent testimony of all present, that no effort of the kind here has ever given more unalloyd satisfaction.

Charlie Parks.

Upon getting into more roomy quarters Mr. Parks has brushed up, and paluted up, and lighted up amazing, fast filling every space too with the fruits of his Northern gleanings; while Charlie himself flits humming around like a bee hovering over an ocean of blossoms—Call in and see him.

Editor's Correspondence.

RALEIGH April 2nd 1875:—The open windows and the glowing masses of the peach trees show that spring has come—at least has put in an appearance,—for every body knows that winter too often turns again and inflicts a rude slap. Nevertheless we will enjoy what is upon us without anticipating a mere possibility of a reverse.

Raleigh, to an eye accustomed to the life and animation attendant upon the session of the Legislature, might appear to be dull. Yet it is not dull, for incidents of far deeper and more lasting interest than human legislation now engages the thoughts of a large portion of the population. Revivals have been going on for some weeks past both among the Baptist and Methodist congregations. At the present time, the most intense excitement is in connection with the revival in the Person street Methodist church, under the control of the Rev. Mr. Jurney. The church a small one, is crowded to suffocation every night, and large numbers are turned away unable to gain admittance.

Our county man the Rev. F. M. Jordan has been zealously at work in assisting in the revivals in the Baptist churches. The First and second churches are opened nightly.

Services are nightly held in the Presbyterian churches, and the religious element of the whole community is very much aroused.

Meanwhile, other and opposite elements are also at work. Active preparations for the municipal campaign are made, candidates for the different wards all made, and every legitimate agency brought to bear to secure the control of the government of the city to the Democrats. They have some work before them for the Republicans are not idle. They are activily colonizing whenever a colonist can be profitably located, and this on so large a scale as to make a material difference in results unless counteracted. But the Democrats will be equal to the occasion, and they will gain the great object of the amendment to the city charter—the transfer of the government of the city to honest and competent hands.

The business of the city is pretty good, considering the times. The influx of cotton continues, and the sides of the streets and the lots devoted to its storage are filled with bales waiting for shipment. There has been an appreciable advance in prices during the last month, and those who had the forecastle to hold back, are deriving the benefit of their wisdom.

The increase in receipts so far over last year reaches nearly 10,000 bales, and the total receipts for the season will certainly reach 35,000 bales, and will probably exceed it. The quality of cotton this year is much superior to that of last, there being an unusually small quantity of stained or dirt cotton. I am glad to see, in examining different lots, that our county of Orange holds its head high as regards quality and condition, and is behind none others, and I believe as usual, has sent the best cotton into market.

Large preparations are being made for the coming crop, one may judge so at least from the large quantity of fertilizers sold, and being sold. Williamson Upchurch and Thomas told me that they alone had sold or would sell between seven and eight hundred tons for this season, and there are six or seven other houses here whose sales of this article are large.

The usury law, however begins to pinch, and may have a very material effect upon the extent of farming operations. Large planters are in the habit either of borrowing largely from the banks, or of relying upon their commission houses for advancements. Neither one or the other of the resources are available this year. I will not undertake to say that a way may not be found around these difficulties, nor am I prepared to condemn the operations of a law, the effects of which are not fairly tested.

In connection with this law, however, I hear most gloomy accounts from the tobacco markets. Business is becoming straitened from the difficulties of getting money to make the daily payments on purchases. The farmers generally come long distances to the tobacco sales, and expect not only prompt payment, but good prices. When they find they get neither, they will begin to inquire into causes and they will not have far to go.

Raleigh is doing something towards giving eclat to the Mecklenburg Centennial. Committees are appointed to collect funds, and to arouse interest in the Celebration. Is Orange to have nothing to do on so grand an occasion? She was side by side with Mecklenburg in the revolutionary struggle, and years in advance of her in the enunciation of the great principles of the struggle. I hope to hear that our citizens are doing something to show their estimate of the deeds and memory of ancestors whose fame is alike common to Orange and Mecklenburg.

It will be a grand celebration, Gen. Jos. E. Johnston is to be Chief Marshall, and very many distinguished men will be present. If it is an inducement to any, it may be stated that the President of the United States, the veritable Ulysses himself is invited. C

Southern Enterprise

We take pleasure in calling the attention of our planters to the Diamond Cotton Chopper, Cultivator and Planter which we learn has been demonstrated to be a practical success. It bears high testimonials from gentlemen who used it last season. The machine is sold under a guarrantee to give satisfaction, or money refunded. The company who thus sell it are endorsed by the leading Bank officers in North Carolina as entirely responsible and reliable. See advertisement.

Civil Rights.

We had intended making mention of two or three little incidents growing out of the mistaken ideas of importance and extra consideration given to negroes by the passage and endorsement by Grant of this bill, wherein a few negroes either set on by others, or stimulated by the idea of their increased importance were grossly aggressive, but as in each instance the would be disturbers of the public peace got only "monkey's allowance" and are not likely to repeat the game we deem it best for many considerations to let the matter pass, and die out. Sumner's legacy of hate for the South is like to prove of more injury to his race, than to any one else.

Jas. Webb Jr., has a varied and well selected, stock of good goods, with increased facilities for accommodating their friends.

A visit to Brown's new store exhibits a marked improvement in the manner of fitting up stores. We are glad to see Hillsboro coming up to the spirit of the age, no where have we seen any house where economy of space and convenience of arrangement have been so wisely consulted. It is really a handsome store, and it is well stocked.

Convocation at Hillsboro.

The Convocation of Raleigh (of the Episcopal Church) will meet at St. Matthew's Church, Hillsboro, on Wednesday morning, April 14th, and hold its sessions morning and evening for three days. There will be discussions of various topics of interest. All are invited to attend.

Orange County Convention.

The citizens of Orange County are requested to assemble in the Court House in Hillsboro on the 27th day of April 1875 to nominate candidates for the Convention which meets in Raleigh on the first Monday in September 1875.

It is hoped that all the people will attend as it is very important that we should select our best men.

A. W. GRAHAM
C. E. PARRISH
CALEB GREEN } Ex. Com.
THOMAS WEBB
CALVIN SMITH

The Episcopal Church Convention meets in Newbern, on the 19th of May.

Miss Anna Dickinson will lecture in Raleigh sometime in April, on either 'Joan of Arc,' or 'What's to Hinder.'

John Word the dancing master is dead. He was a most suitable and gentlemanly man.

Mr. Mills, Superintendent of the Orphan Asylum has sent back to the managers of the Wilson lottery $500 forwarded to the Asylum as proceeds of the recent drawing in that town.

The Charlotte observer says that Capt. F. N. Waddell has been appointed by Col. Buford, general soliciting agent for the Piedmont Air-Line Railroad, from Richmond to Atlanta. The Observer congratulates the Company upon securing a gentleman so admirably qualified in all respects for the work before him.

Capt. Waddell is an Orange county man and we wish him much success in his new enterprise.

The Wilmington Star says that on Easter Sunday Bishop Atkinson confirmed fourteen persons in St. James' Church and thirteen in St. John's.

The grocery store of R. M. Miller & Sons of Charlotte, was entered early last Sunday and robbed of a considerable quantity of goods.

A number of ladies of North Carolina, after consulting together on the subject, have issued a circular dated at Chapel Hill, in which they broach the praiseworthy scheme of raising a fund for the support and care of the poor and infirm among their own sex in the State. The circular says:

'These ladies propose to raise such a sum as will purchase a house, with land attached to, fit up for the occupation, and leave something to be invested for an income.'

'Appeal is made to all parties and all denominations, and it is to be hoped the appeal will not fall on listless ears.

'Communications on the subject may be addressed to Mrs. C. P. Spencer, Chapel Hill, and reference may be made to the Hons. W. H. Battle, W. A. Graham, B. F. Moore and W. N. H. Smith.'

We learn from Company Shops that a fire occurred there Tuesday night and the hotel stables packed with new hay were burnt to the ground. The citizens are very much upset by the change of gauge. All the good engines and cars have been taken from there and placed on the new line and many hands have been discharged from the shops and more expected to follow. Very little work is going on and a house and lot can be bought for five hundred dollars less money now than it would have sold for befor the change of gauge.—*Ral Sentinel*

The class of Oxford Orphans were hospitally received at Reidsville, and realized by their concert $125.

DIED,

Departed this life on the 19th inst, Eliza E. Kinion wife of Lawrence N. Kinion aged 47 years 3 months. She was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church for 30 years and died with strong faith in the Lord. She was afflicted with the scrofula in the head and neck for 2 years and bore it with a great deal of patience.

Sensation.

Now is the Winter of our discontent, made glorious Spring time by the arrival at the Park's Bazarr, of the nicest Stock of goods ever shown in Orange.

I have no hesitation in saying that I can suit every body. I am now in New York shipping the nicest assortment I have ever shown. I have determined since I have secured the big Store House formerly occupied by Mr. H. N Brown, to do a much larger business, and to do this, I shall buy a much larger and more complete Stock. I will have goods to suit all. No more sending to Baltimore for your goods, you can get them from me. I want the customers to assist me in keeping a first class store in Hillsboro.

I have bought the prettiest line of Millinery Orange has ever looked at—Handsome Trimmed Goods, Bonnets, and Hats, worth as high as $12, and as low as 50 cts, I have some at $4 and $5 and $6, that all will like. The finest lot of French flowers in the State. Ladies Shoes of all styles, finest city made work. This is the first time I have ever bought a full lot of Ready Made Clothing, Hillsboro is a central point between Raleigh and Danville. We need just such a House as I am going to run, and I want your help to keep such a one. If you want 20, 50 lbs. or a sack of coffee say so, and I will sell it to you, don't come in and ask price and go out; of course we have a retail price.

But if you will come to me with the money and say you want a keg of nails you shant go off without them.

Come and look at New Store and Stock. I have a stock of real handsome dress goods, something fine and something common.

C. M PARKS.

I Promised to let my customers know when to sell their Tobacco at WORRIS WARE HOUSE. Now is the time. I can assure you good prices.

3t. J. R. GATTIS.

CHAS. D. MYERS & CO.,

Family Groceries

5 & 7 North Front Street.

IMPORTERS OF

Wines, Brandies, Ales, Porter &c

Duties Paid by us in this Port.

The only dealers in Family Groceries who Import direct. First Class Goods for Family use.

FAVORITE FLOUR, best brand sold in Wilmington.

SUGARS—Every grade. Lowest prices.

COFFEES—Green, Roasted and Ground. Mocha, Java, Laguayra and Rio.

TEAS—Green, Black, English Breakfast and Uncolored Japan. Finest Imported and lowest cash prices.

EVERY VARIETY OF

Choice Family Supplies.

The best Table Butter,
The Finest Leaf Lard,
The choicest Smoked Meats,
Hams, Strips, &c. &c. &c.

☞ The greatest variety of Goods in North Carolina.

Country orders filled at lowest figures.

CHAS. D. MYERS & CO.
5 & 7 North Front Street
Wilmington, N. C.

April 4.

SPRING GOODS! FRESH ARRIVAL!

WE are now getting in our SPRING GOODS, which will be sold LOW enough to suit the hard times. Come and see for yourself.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.

13th March 1m.

JUST Received a lot of PACIFIC GUANO, $55,00 per ton, $3.50 per bag.

March 15 1m. JAMES WEBB, Jr.

TAILOR SHOP,

HAVING employed a No. 1 TAILOR, can have any kind of CLOTHES made in the latest Style, at short notice. Warranted to fit.

1m. JAMES WEBB, Jr.

FANCY CASSIMERES a speciality at

JAMES WEBB, Jr's,

13th March 1m.

Nat. L. Brown,

RALEIGH, N. C.

DEALER in all kinds of

Musical Instruments, Strings and Trimmings for Violins, Guitars, Banjors,

CHILDRENS CARRIAGES, Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.

BASKETS, Baskets, the largest assortment in the State.

Also General Agent for the celebrated ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS. Best for Churches, best for Schools, best for the Home Circles, best Everywhere. You can save money time and freight by purchasing from NAT L. BROWN. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Raleigh, N. C.

Jan. 20, tf.

Valuable Mill Property FOR SALE.

TO

FORECLOSE MORTGAGE, I will offer for SALE to the highest bidder on

Tuesday of Court 27th of April, 1875.

That Valuable Mill Property known as Brown's Mill, one and a half miles from Hillsboro. Containing in the Tract FORTY Acres. Rare chance for investment.

GRIST AND SAW MILL

In running Condition, and the best right for

COTTON FACTORY

In this section of country.

Terms of Sale:

One Third Cash, balance in equal installments, six and Twelve months, Eight per cent interest. Title reserved until purchase money is paid.

Mr. Thomas Dickson, Mortgager will take pleasure in showing the property to parties wishing to purchase.

B. C. PARRS.

8th March '75. *Mortgagee.*

CASH FEVER AT BROWN'S.

SORRY TO SAY I HAVE CAUGHT IT. My notion was, Man was Born on a credit and Died on credit.

110 Bbl. best Lime at Granger price, MEAL, BACON, FLOUR, CHEESE and BUTTER, in store from out of the State—is this best Granger's. I offer the largest Stock of

New Staple Goods, Hats, Boots, and Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Groceries and Confectioneries, that I have done for years. Will open

TO-DAY

The Largest Best Selected Stock of Boots and Shoes

In this section for Sale LOW. Best prints that cost 11 cts. I offer at 10 cts as others do. 'I WILL TRY IT.'

april 7. HENRY N. BROWN.

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THE MONTH.

Hemp Carpet (striped,) full yard wide at 25c. worth 30c.;
Printed Hemp Carpet at 35c. worth 50c;
Ingram Carpets at 40c, 50, 60c, 75, 80, 85c, 90c, $1.15 per yard;
Three Fly Carpet at $1,25 and 1,30 per yard worth $1,50 and 60c;
English Tapestry Brussels Carpet at 1,20 worth $1,50 per yard;
List carpet at 20c, worth 30c;
Velvet and Tapestry Rugs from $1 up to $15;
Cocoa Matting at 40c, and 70c. per yard worth 50c, and 85c;
Oil-Cloths from 40c. up to 80c per square yard;
Oil-Cloth Rugs at 50c 75c $1 1,25, 1,50, 1,75, $2, $2,50;
Bird's Eye Diaper, all pure linen, at 25c. 30, 35, 40, 45 and 50c; all remarkably cheap;
Cotton Diaper at $1,50, $1,75 for a piece of 10 yards;
Huckaback Towels at $1,25 1,50, 1,75 2,25, $3 and up to $15 per dozen;
Doyles—all pure linen—at 60c; 75c, and $1 per dozen, worth 75c $1 and $1,25 per dozen;
Napkins at $1,25, 1,50, 1,75, $2, and up to $9 per dozen;
Linen Table Cloths, from 1 X 1, to 5 yards long, from 50c up to $25 a piece;
Turkey Red Table Damask, Table Cloths, and doyles; all very cheap;
Called Comfortables at $1,25, 1,50 & 2,50, worth 2, 2,50 and $3;
Blankets at $2,50, $2,75, $3, and up to $10 a pair—this stock must be closed out;
White Quilts at $1, 1,50, 1,75, 2, 2,50, and up to the finest Marseilles Quilts;
Colored Quilts at 1,25, 1,50 1,75, 2 and 3—these are closing out prices, and are very cheap;
Gentlemen's Linen Collars at 40c. per doz worth $1,50, and a full assortment of Collars from $1 up to $2,50 per doz;
Ladies, Linen Collars at 50c, 75c, and $1 per dozen worth $1,50, 1,75 and $2 per dozen;
Nottingham Lace for curtains at 16⅔, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 75 and $1 per yard—all much below regular prices;
Nottingham Lace Curtains from $1,50 up to $5 a set for two windows; also, elegant Lace Window Curtains;
Window Shades in great variety at great bargains;
Shirt-Bosoms, warranted pure linen, from 20c. up to $1;
Braided Pique Ribs at 20, 25 and 30c. worth 30, 40 and 50c;
Braided Pique Aprons at $1,25 and $2—very handsome goods;
Dimity Bands at 10c. or three for 25c. worth 25c apiece;
Stamped Bands, Chemise and Night-Gown Yokes for embroidery and braiding;
Genuine French Embroidery Cotton;
A full assortment of Ladies' Ready Made Garments;
Elegant Beaded Pockets at 1,50, 2 & $2,50 worth more than double the money;
Beaded Gimps and Fringes very cheap;
Bleached Knitting Cottons, all sizes, in balls, at reduced prices;
Unbleached Knitting Cotton all sizes, at 35c per pound;
Cotton Yarn, all sizes from No. 4 to 12, at $1,35 per bundle of five pounds;
Colored Carpet Warp the best manufactured, at $2 per bundle of five pounds;
Coats's, John Clark's and Clark's O. N. T. Spool Cotton at 70c per dozen;
Sewing Machine Needles at 4 and 5c apiece;
Sewing Machine Oil, the best manufactured at 15c per bottle;
Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs at 75c. $1, 1,25 and 1,50 per dozen;
Embroidered and Lace Handkerchiefs in great variety;
Black Crepe Collars at extraordinary bargains;
Black Crepe Veils in all qualities and sizes;
Furs for Ladies and Children—very cheap;
Black and Colored Velvets and velveteens in all colors and qualities;
Black Alpacas, in all qualities, at extraordinary bargains;
Black Bombazines, Australian Crepe, Delaines, Tamise, and other Dress Goods for mourning;
Rich Sash and Narrow Ribbons at lower prices than ever;
Neck-Scarfs for Ladies at 15c; 25c; 35; 50c; and up to $2—all very cheap.
A full assortment of

Black and Colored Silks, Poplins, Cashmere, Merinos,

and other fashionable and seasonable

DRESS GOODS,

and all other articles usually kept in a first class dry goods store, which we do not enumerate for want of space, all of which will be sold at prices that will make it to the advantage of all to purchase their goods of us.

Goods sent by express C. O. D, or upon the receipt of the money. When goods are ordered to be sent by mail money must be sent to pay the postage.

LEVY BROTHERS',
1017 and 1019 Main street,
feb. 10. RICHMOND, VA.

THE DIXIE PLOW

RUNS EASY TO PLOWMAN AND TEAM.

WE are Agents for this very POPULAR PLOW, and any one wanting one can save money by buying from us.

To Farmer's Clubs and Granges we are prepared to give most liberal Terms.

THOS. H. HUGHES & SON,
feb 10 Hillsboro or Cedar Grove, N. C.

LOOK HERE!

HOLD ON.

I WISH to Call in at GATTIS' and examine his New Supply of goods which he is daily

RECEIVING,

CONSISTING of the Purest and best *French* and *Plain Candies, Orthoyes, Lemons, Apples Crackers, CAKES NUTS &C. &C.*

Also a very Fine Assortment of *HAVANA CIGARS, Snuffs, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Sardines, Deviled Hams, Salts, Sugar* and *Coffee, EARLY ROSE POTATOES & C, & C. & C.*

Thanking my friends and customers for their liberal patronage in the past, hopes to merit a continuance of the same in the future, by fair dealing and attention to business.

March 24 JAMES R. GATTIS.

THE BANK OF MECKLENBURG,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Authorized Capital $500,000.

JAS. TURNER TATE, President.
THOS. W. DEWEY, Cashier.
F. H. DEWEY, Ass't. Cashier.

AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF

TATE & DEWEY.

THIS Bank Chartered under Act of the General Assembly, and duly organized under laws of the State of North Carolina, with ample means, is prepared to transact

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

and furnish accommodations to all Customers on

LIBERAL TERMS.

The Bank will receive Deposits subject to check and will

Allow Interest According to Agreement;

on all Deposits left on time, or issue Certificates of Deposit bearing interest at the rate of

Eight per Cent per Annum,

on all sums lying undrawn over thirty days. Gold and Silver Coin, Bullion and old Bank Notes Bought and Sold.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 1'1875. 1y. Cashier.

Oak City Mills,

RALEIGH, N. C.

WANTED for these Mills,

10,000 Bushels White Corn,
1,000 " Rye,
1,000 " Oats,

WILLIAMSON UPCHURCH & THOMAS
sept 16 6m. Agents for Oak City Mills.

W. J. BAKER. J. B. NEAL. W. B. SHEPARD.

Baker, Neal & Shepard,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, VA.

Agents for PATAPSCO GUANO
Aug. 26.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS FROM

PETER SMITH,

The Leader of Low Prices;

IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

NO. 156 Main Street,
march 11 12m. NORFOLK, Va.

NEW GRANGE

WAREHOUSE.

AT HILLSBORO DEPOT.

JOHN C. VAN HOOK, } Pr's.
JOHN D. WILSON, }

WILL open on Tuesday, February 2nd 1875.

SALE DAYS

Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

The Managers feel in opening this above Warehouse that they will supply a want long felt by the Farmer; a good reliable Market conveniently situated, and to serve the interests of the Planter will be the leading object. And with your co-operation, we will furnish Tobacco for Manufacturers, Dealers and buyers for all the Tobacco brought here at full Market Prices.

Give us your assistance by rame.

1st. The Warehouse is run in the interest of the Farmer;

2nd. It is a HOME MARKET and most convenient with better roads than to any other market.

3rd. The charges will be as LOW as the Farmer cannot fail to be satisfied. The rate will be as low as or lower than, anywhere else.

Good Accommodation for Man and Beast.

Then bring your Tobacco to the

GRANGE WAREHOUSE

and we will get you the best PRICES and you will not miss the chance.

Hillsboro jan 18. JOHN C. VAN HOOK,
JOHN D. WILSON.

R. L. HICKSON,

DANVILLE, VA.

Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Boots, Shoes, Hats,

FURNITURE, CHINA, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c. &c.

I occupy FOUR of the LARGEST Stores in the place, and each branch of the business is conducted separately. In FURNITURE, I have the largest Stock South of Baltimore. Parties in want of LOW Priced or fine FURNITURE, would do well to call on me, before Purchasing elsewhere, or Ladies in want of the

DRY GOODS,

can save money by calling on me, or sending for Samples which will be cheerfully sent.

RICH'D. L. HICKSON.
Main Street,
jan. 13. Danville, Va.

T. J. WILSON, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE and Residence, on corner of Queen and Churton Sts. Where he can always be found except when absent Professionally.

Jan. 12 '74 1y.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....APRIL 7, 1875.

THE RECORDER.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $3 00 per annum, or $1 00 for six months—invariably in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISEMENTS conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 30 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

TERMS BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:

1 square	3 months	$5	6 months	$8	12 months	$15
2 "	3 "	$10	6 "	$18	12 "	$25
3 "	3 "	$15	6 "	$20	12 "	$35
Half column	3 months	$30	6 mo.	$50	12 mo.	$85
column	3 months	$50	6 mo.	$90	12 mo.	$160

RECLAIMING WORN OUT LANDS.

I will give a few reasons why the farm does not pay. A farm well conducted requires a great deal of thought and study, and the best time to study it out is during the long bad winter days, when we can't do much else. The farm should be made so interesting that we will forget to go to town every Saturday. A farmer says, I can't get my hands to work on Saturday, so I will go to town myself. Now this is the very day he ought to stay at home, and thus encourage his hands to do the same. You will hear some farmers say it 'takes no thought to make cotton.' I never saw one who talked in that way who knew how to make a compost heap; or after it is made who knew how or what quantity to distribute. The successful farmer must make his plans far ahead. This will give time to correct errors, and when work time comes there is no hesitation or delay. He should have his fields allotted, one for clover, another for corn and so on. Also the crops fixed that must follow each other next year. He must watch and keep his land from washing, and have the gullies stopped with brush. In fact, he must almost live in his field.

I will give my plan of improving old land. Take a few acres, plough well with two horse plow if the land will bear it without throwing up too much clay, harrow and manure in drill for cotton. After the cotton is picked, plough cross-ways and sow in wheat and clover. Harrow in wheat with what cotton seed the land makes, and sow clover in February. Next year take up another piece and do likewise, and you will soon have a large field constantly improving. Clover should not be pastured in hot weather; graze it very lightly from October until Spring with sheep and calves. Make hay of first growth cut about 10th of June. Let second growth rot on the land. Cotton does not grow well after clover. I turn under clover sod in January or February, and when ready to plant corn, harrow well and plant late in April. Cut worms are bad if it is planted sooner. Plant cotton or wheat after corn. I have had a good stand of volunteer clover after four hoed crops.

Harrisburg, N. C; 1875.

CLOVER.

SHEEP ON A FARM.

Sheep are undervalued by the mass of land-holders as a means of keeping up the fertility of the soil and putting money into the pockets of farmers. The moment one begins to talk of sheep husbandry, the listener or reader begins to look for wool quotations, as if wool was all that yields profit from sheep. One might as well look for wheat quotations alone when there is talk about the profit of farming.

Sheep on a farm yields both wool and mutton. They multiply with great rapidity. They are the best of farm scavengers. 'cleaning a field' as no other class of animals will. They give back to the farm more in proportion to what they take from it than any other animal, and distribute it better with a view to the future fertility of the soil. Prove this? There is no need of proof to those who have kept sheep, and know their habits and the profits they yield. To prove it to those who have not the experience, it is necessary they should try the experiment or accept the testimony of an experienced shepherd.

But the live stock of a farm should not, necessarily, be sheep, exclusively. Cattle, horses, swine, have their respective places in the farm economy. How many of each to keep is a question that locality, character of markets, adaptation of soil, predisposition, taste and skill of the husbandman must decide. But one thing ought not to be forgotten, that the more stock a man keeps on his farm the more grass and it ought to, and, if properly managed, it will grow. The rates of increase will correspond with the business tact, technical and practical knowledge, and skill of the husbandman.—*New York World.*

TO RAISE ONIONS.

From the Missouri Democrat.

To raise onions the ground should be thoroughly plowed, made very mellow, and rolled. It should be made rich with well-rotted, fine barn-yard manure, and wood ashes make a good additional fertilizer. Thirty two-horse loads per acre would not be too much manure for a good crop. Five pounds of seed per acre may be drilled in rows nine inches apart with a light hand seed drill. The ground must be kept very clean from weeds, and mellow with the hoe. A hoe with a pronged blade is made specially for this work. The onions may be grown as close in the row as they will stand. They may be grown year after year upon the same ground, if plenty manure is given them, with increasing profit. We would rather sell at a fair price at home market than risk the chances of a distant one.

If turnips are fed to cows immediately after they are milked, and at no other time, they will impart no flavor to the milk, or to the butter and cheese made from it.

Tree planting cannot well be deferred. You should attend to this as soon as you get your ground ready and plant the trees in clean earth putting no manure under or next to the roots.

Grafting and Pruning should be done within three months, but in pruning do not cut your trees to pieces too much. Nature knows how to make a tree grow, and how to shape it better than any man living

SHARPS RIFLE CO.

Manufacturers of Patent Breech-loading, Military, Sporting and Creedmoor Rifles. The BEST in the WORLD. Winner at International and nearly all other principal matches at Creedmoor. (See Official Record.)

Sporting Rifles, $30 to $8.
Creedmoor Rifles, with Elevations for 1000 yards, $60 and $25.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

Armory and Office, E. G. WESTCOTT, President.
Hartford, Conn.

The DIAMOND COTTON CHOPPER

IMPROVED & WARRANTED. All sizes, Steels, Discs, Wrench & Hooks. Does the work of over 7 men & 3 horses with 1 man & horse. Cotton Planter & Guano Distributor, the best in use. Cultivator, Corn Planter attachments all warranted. Agents wanted. Send for Illustrated Circular with warranties and certificates, to

J. W. HINSDALE, Sec., Fayetteville, N.C., or to Local Agt.

N. F. BURNHAM'S
TURBINE
WATER WHEEL

Was Selected, 4 years ago, and put to work in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. and has proved to be the BEST, 19 sizes made. Prices lower than any other first class Wheel. Pamphlet free. Address N F BURNHAM, York, Pa.

$75 A WEEK to Agents to sell an article saleable as Flour. Profits immense. Package free. Address BUCKEYE M'F'G CO., Marion, Ohio.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

ADVERTISING: Cheap: Good: *Systematic.* All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertion of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co. 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET BOOK (ninety seventh edition) containing lists of over 2000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many States at a tremendous reduction from publishers rates. Get the Book.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address, GEO STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars free. P. O VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

Psychomancy, Or Soul Charming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, A queer book 100,000 sold. Address T WILLIAM & Co. Publishers, Philadelphia.

Dr. S. Van Meter & Co.

Proprietors of the famous Charleston (Ill.) Infirmary, are endorsed in the last issue of the 'Nation's Journal of Health,' by men of prominence South and North. Also by fifty ministers of various denominations. An *opportunity* is now offered to obtain a thorough *examination* and treatment without having to visit the infirmary. Address at once Dr. S. VAN METER & CO. Charleston, Ill.

THE SUN.

DAILY AND WEEKLY FOR 1875.

The approach of the Presidential election gives unusual importance to the events and developments of 1875. We shall endeavor to describe them fully, faithfully and fearlessly.

THE WEEKLY SUN has now attained a circulation of over seventy thousand copies. Its readers are found in every State and Territory, and its quality is well known to the public. We shall not only endeavor to keep it fully up to the old standard, but to improve and add to its variety and power.

The Weekly SUN will continue to be a thorough newspaper. All the news of the day will be found in it, condensed when unimportant, at full length when of moment, and always, we trust, treated in a clear, interesting and instructive manner.

It is our aim to make the Weekly SUN the best family newspaper in the world. It will be full of entertaining and appropriate reading of every sort, but will print nothing to offend the most scrupulous and delicate taste. It will always contain the most interesting stories and romances of the day, carefully selected and legibly printed.

The Agricultural Department is a prominent feature in the WEEKLY SUN, and its articles will always be found fresh and useful to the farmer.

The number of men independent in politics is increasing, and the Weekly SUN is their paper especially. It belongs to no party, and obeys no dictation, contending for principle, and for the election of the best men. It exposes the corruption that disgraces the country and threatens the overthrow of republican institutions. It has no fear of knaves, and seeks no favors from their supporters.

The Markets of every kind and the fashions are regularly reported in its columns.

The price of the Weekly SUN is one dollar a year for a sheet of eight pages, and fifty-six columns. As this barely pays the expenses of paper and printing, we are not able to make any discount or allow any premium to friends who may make special efforts to extend its circulation. Under the new law, which requires payment of postage in advance, one dollar a year, with twenty cents the cost of prepaid postage added, is the rate of subscription. It is not necessary to get up a club in order to have the WEEKLY SUN at this rate. Anyone who sends one dollar and twenty cents will get the paper, postpaid, for a year.

We have no traveling agents.

THE WEEKLY SUN.—Eight pages, fifty-six columns. Only $1.20 a year, *postage paid.* No discounts from this rate.

THE DAILY SUN.—A large four-page newspaper of twenty-eight columns. Daily circulation over 120,000. All the news for 3 cents. Subscription, postage prepaid, 55 cents a month, or $6.50 a year. To clubs of 10 or over, a discount of 20 per cent. Address,

THE SUN, New York City.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

12th, Opposite Bank St. & Capitol Square

Richmond, Va.

T. W. Hoenniger,

PROPRIETOR.

A new and first class Hotel, furnished in 1874 equal to any in the United States. The Proprietor assures comfort to the travelling public.

Mr. John P. Ballard, will be glad to see his old friends and patrons. sept 9 1y.

BLATCHLEY'S
Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by address ing with stamp.

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer.
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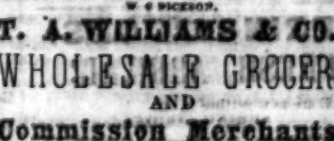

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A Representative and Champion of American Art Taste!

PROSPECTUS FOR 1875.

EIGHTH YEAR.

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THE ART JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

Issued Monthly.

A Magnificent Conception, wonderfully carried out.

The necessity of a popular medium for the representation of the production of our great artists, has always been recognized, and many attempts have been made to meet the want. The successive failures which so invariably followed each attempt in this country to establish an art journal, did not prove the indifference of the people of America to the claims of high art. So soon as a proper appreciation of the want and an ability to meet it were shown, the public at once rallied with enthusiasm to its support, and the result was a great artistic and commercial triumph—THE ALDINE.

THE ALDINE, while issued with all the regularity, has none of the temporary or timely interest characteristic of ordinary periodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of pure, light, and graceful literature; and a collection of pictures, the rarest specimens of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of *The Aldine* will be most appreciated after it is bound up at the close of the year. While other publications may claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of a similar class, *The Aldine* is a unique and original conception—alone and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possessor of a complete volume cannot duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumes for *ten times the cost;* and then, there is the *Chromo,* besides!

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1846. THIRTIETH YEAR. 1875.

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This Company issues every desirable form of Policies at as low rates as any other First Class Company.

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With these facts before them will the people of North Carolina continue to pay annually thousands upon thousands of dollars to build up Foreign Companies, when they can secure insurance in a Company equally reliable and every dollar's premium they pay be loaned and invested in our own State, and among our own people?

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Sept. 23 1y.

The Studebaker Bros'

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VERY HEAVILY IRONED.

And intended for work, and will stand long and hard service. They are beautifully painted and ornamented, and are handsome as well as good.

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We recommend the 2¼ Thimble skein Wagon, with drop pole, spring seat, and top body, with whiffletree, neck yoke and stay chains.

Price $120.

BRAKES furnished when desired without additional cost.

We have a car-load of these Wagons now in store and can ship promptly. Those who have been waiting to see them, are requested to call and examine them, and all others who want Wagons for use or sale are requested to send for a special wagon circular.

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Important to Travelers.

THE Clover Hotel, situated on the Richmond and Danville Railroad, is in every respect a

FIRST CLASS HOTEL!

THE TABLE will at all times be supplied with the best the Market affords.

The Hungry Traveler can always rely on getting a GOOD MEAL. And ample time given to enjoy the same. L. M. HAWKINS,
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GOLDSBORO, N. C.,

W. B. BARRINGER, PROPRIETOR,

Board, per Day, $2.00 *Dinner* 75c.
April 15.

Piedmont Air-Line Railway.

Richmond & Danville, Richmond & Danville R. W., N. C. Division, and North Western N. C. R. W.

Condensed Time Table, in effect on and after Friday, March 19th, 1875.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte.....	9.32 p. m.	8.30 A M
" Air-Line June'n	9.30 "	9.30 "
" Salisbury	10.12 a m	11.08 "
" Greensboro....	3.35 "	2.10 P. M
" Danville.....	6.20 "	4.45 "
" Dundee.....	6.37 "	4.57 "
" Burkeville....	11.25 "	9.17 "
Ar. at Richmond, ...	2.22 p. m.	11.10 p m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Richmond,	1.20 P. M.	3.40 A M
" Burkville	6.41 "	8.21 "
" Dundee,	9.05 "	10.55 P M
" Danville	9.28 "	1.00 "
" Greensboro	12.40 am	3.37 "
" Salisbury,	3.50 A M	6.40 "
" Air-Line Jct'n	7.05 "	9.30 P M
Ar. at Charlotte.	7.10 "	9.35 "

GOING EAST.		GOING WEST.
STATIONS.	MAIL.	MAIL.
Leave Greensboro'	4.35 a. m.	Ar. 11.30 p m
" Co. Shops	5.10 "	Lve 10.55 "
" Hillsboro,	"	"
" Raleigh	8.40 A M	" 8.30 P M
Ar. at Goldsboro'	11.30 "	Lve 5.35 P M

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro	4.35 p. m.
Arrive at Salem	6.10 "
Leave Salem,	8.30 a. m.
Arrive at Greensboro,	11.15 "

Passenger train leaving Raleigh at 5.38 p. m., connects at Greensboro with the Northern bound train; making the quickest time to all Northern cities. Price of Tickets same as via other routes. Trains to and from points East of Greensboro connect at Greensboro with Mail Trains to or from points North or South.

Two Trains daily both ways.

On Sundays Lynchburg Accommodation leave Richmond at 9.00 a m., arrive at Burkeville 12.47 p m., leave Burkeville 4.55 a. m., arrive at Richmond 7.35 p m.

Pullman Palace cars on all night trains between Charlotte and Richmond, (without change;

No Change of Cars between Charlotte and Richmond, 282 Miles.

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S. E. ALLEN, Gen'l Ticket Agent
Greensboro, N. C.
T. M. R. TALCOTT,
Engineer and Superintendent.

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The North Carolina Home

INSURANCE CO.

OF

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Insures Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise

AND

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AGAINST

Loss or Damage by Fire, on the most Favorable Terms.

ITS Stockholders are gentlemen interested in building up North Carolina Institutions, and among them are many of the prominent business and financial men of the State.

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C. B. ROOT, Vice President.
SEATON GALES, Sec'y.
P. COWPER, Supervisor.
HAMILTON & GRAHAM, Local Agents.
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Take a Life Policy for the benefit of the helpless ones to be left behind you. If you have no dependent ones, take a policy for your own benefit in after life when you possibly may need it. Instead of throwing yourself on the cold charity of so called friends.

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Oct. 2 1874 4m.

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